

Goldstein & Guilliams PLLC

Arts & Entertainment Law, Management, and Immigration

www.ggartslaw.com

Main: (646) 561-9886 Fax: (646) 561-9820 680 Fort Washington Avenue Suite 1H New York, NY 10040

This is provided for informational purposes only. It is not legal advice because we have no idea who you are and your specific circumstances. Please consult with an attorney familiar with you and the specific facts of your case before doing anything rash!

How To Be a Fiscally and an Ethically Responsible Tax-Exempt Non-Profit 501(c)(3)

STRUCTURE AND ORGANIZATION



- A charitable organization must comply with all applicable federal laws and regulations, as well as applicable laws and regulations of the states and the local jurisdictions in which it is formed or operates. If the organization conducts programs outside the United States, it must also abide by applicable international laws, regulations and conventions.
- A charitable organization should formally adopt a written code of ethics with which all of its directors or trustees, staff, and volunteers are familiar and to which they adhere.
- 3. A charitable organization should adopt and implement policies and procedures to ensure that all conflicts of interest (real and potential), or the appearance thereof, within the organization and

the governing board are appropriately managed through disclosure, recusal, or other means.

- 4. A charitable organization should establish and implement policies and procedures that enable individuals to come forward with information on illegal practices or violations of organizational policies. This "whistleblower" policy should specify that the organization will not retaliate against, and will seek to protect the confidentiality of, individuals who make good-faith reports.
- 5. A charitable organization should establish and implement policies and procedures to protect and preserve the organization's important data, documents, and business records.
- 6. A charitable organization's board should ensure that the organization has adequate plans to protect its assets its property, documents and data, financial and human resources, programmatic content and material, and its integrity and reputation against damage or loss. The board should review regularly the organization's need for general liability and directors' and officers' liability insurance, as well as take other actions necessary to mitigate risks.
- 7. A charitable organization should make information about its operations, including its governance, finances, programs, and activities, widely available to the public. Charitable organizations also should

consider making information available on the methods they use to evaluate the outcomes of their work and sharing the results of those evaluations.

TIPS FOR A STRONG BOARD



- A charitable organization must have a governing body that is responsible for reviewing and approving the organization's mission and strategic direction, annual budget and key financial transactions, compensation practices and policies, and fiscal and governance policies.
- 2. The board of a charitable organization should meet regularly enough to conduct its business and fulfill its duties.
- 3. The board of a charitable organization should establish its own size and structure and review these periodically. The

board should have enough members to allow for full deliberation and diversity of thinking on governance and other organizational matters. Except for very small organizations, this generally means that the board should have at least five members.

- 4. The board of a charitable organization should include members with the diverse background (including, but not limited to, ethnicity, race, and gender perspectives), experience, and organizational and financial skills necessary to advance the organization's mission.
- 5. A substantial majority of the board of a public charity, usually meaning at least two-thirds of its members, should be independent. Independent members should not: (1) be compensated by the organization as employees or independent contractors; (2) have their compensation determined by individuals who are compensated by the organization; (3) receive, directly or indirectly, material financial benefits from the organization except as a member of the charitable class served by the organization; or (4) be related to anyone described above (as a spouse, sibling, parent or child), or reside with any person so described.
- 6. The board should hire, oversee, and annually evaluate the performance of the chief executive officer of the organization. It should conduct such an evaluation prior to any change in that officer's compensation, unless there is a multi-year contract in force or the change consists solely of routine adjustments for inflation or cost of living.
- 7. The board of a charitable organization that has paid staff should ensure that the positions of chief staff officer, board chair, and board treasurer are held by separate individuals. Organizations without paid staff should ensure that the positions of board chair and treasurer are held by separate individuals.
- 8. The board should establish an effective, systematic process for educating and communicating with board members to ensure they are aware of their legal and ethical responsibilities, are knowledgeable about the programs and activities of the organization, and can carry out their oversight functions effectively.
- 9. Board members should evaluate their performance as a group and as individuals no less frequently than every three years, and should have clear procedures for removing board members who are unable to fulfill their responsibilities.
- 10. Governing boards should establish clear policies and procedures setting the length of terms and the number of consecutive terms a board member may serve.

- 11. The board should review organizational and governing instruments no less frequently than every five years.
- 12. The board should establish and review regularly the organization's mission and goals and should evaluate, no less frequently than every five years, the organization's programs, goals and activities to be sure they advance its mission and make prudent use of its resources.
- 13. Board members are generally expected to serve without compensation, other than reimbursement for expenses incurred to fulfill their board-related duties. A charitable organization that provides compensation to its board members should use appropriate comparability data to determine the amount to be paid, document the decision, and provide full disclosure to anyone, upon request, of the amount and rationale for the compensation.

MINDING YOUR \$\$!



- A charitable organization must keep complete, current, and accurate financial records and ensure strong financial controls are in place. Its board should receive and review timely reports of the organization's financial activities and should have a qualified, independent financial expert audit or review these statements annually in a manner appropriate to the organization's size and scale of operations.
- 2. The board of a charitable organization must institute policies and procedures to ensure that the organization (and, if applicable, its subsidiaries) manages and invests its funds responsibly, in accordance with all legal requirements. The full board should review and approve the organization's annual budget and should monitor actual performance against the budget.
- 3. A charitable organization should not provide loans (or the equivalent, such as loan guarantees, purchasing or transferring ownership of a residence or office, or relieving a debt or lease obligation) to directors, officers, or trustees.\
- 4. A charitable organization should spend a significant amount of its annual budget on programs that pursue its mission while ensuring that the organization has sufficient administrative and fundraising capacity to deliver those programs responsibly and effectively.
- 5. A charitable organization should establish clear, written policies for paying or reimbursing expenses incurred by anyone conducting business or traveling on behalf of the organization, including the types of expenses that can be paid for or reimbursed and the documentation required. Such policies should require that travel on behalf of the organization is to be undertaken cost-effectively.
- A charitable organization should neither pay for nor reimburse travel expenditures for spouses, dependents or others who are accompanying someone conducting business for the organization unless they, too, are conducting such business.

GETTING MORE \$\$!



- Solicitation materials and other communications addressed to donors and the public must clearly identify the organization and be accurate and truthful.
- 2. Contributions must be used for purposes consistent with the donor's intent, whether as described in the relevant solicitation materials or as specifically directed by the donor.
- A charitable organization must provide donors with specific acknowledgments of charitable contributions in accordance with IRS requirements, as well as information to facilitate the donors' compliance with tax law requirements.
- 4. A charitable organization should adopt clear policies, based on its specific exempt purpose, to determine whether accepting a gift would compromise its ethics, financial circumstances, program focus, or other interests.
- 5. A charitable organization should provide appropriate training and supervision of the people soliciting funds on its behalf to ensure that they understand their responsibilities and applicable federal, state, and local laws, and do not employ techniques that are coercive, intimidating, or intended to harass potential donors.
- 6. A charitable organization should not compensate internal or external fundraisers based on a commission or a percentage of the amount raised.
- 7. A charitable organization should respect the privacy of individual donors and, except where disclosure is required by law, should not sell or otherwise make available the names and contact information of its donors without providing them an opportunity at least once a year to opt out of the use of their names